

The China Mail.

Established February, 1845.

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號八十月六年六十八百八十一英

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, JUNE 18, 1886.

日七月五年戊丙

PRICE, \$2 PER MONTH.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. ALGAR, 11 & 12, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E. C. GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, GORDON & GORON, Ludgate Circus, E. C. RATH HENRY & Co., 37, Waterloo, E.C. SAMUEL BRADY & Co., 150 & 154, Leadenhall Street.

PARIS AND EUROPE.—AMEDEE PRINCE & Co., 36, Rue Lafayette, Paris.

NEW YORK.—ANDREW WIND, 21, Park Row.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally.—BRAN & BLACK, San Francisco.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GORON, Melbourne and Sydney.

CEYLON.—W. M. SMITH & Co., THE APOTHECARY CO., Colombo.

SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.—SAYLE & Co., Square, Singapore. C. HEINZEN & Co., Manila.

CHINA.—MACAO, F. A. DE CRUZ, SANTO, QUILLO & Co., Amoy, Wilson, NICHOLAS & Co., Foochow, HEDGE & Co., Shanghai, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., and KILLY & WALSH, Yokohama, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., and KELLY & Co.

Banks.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....\$7,500,000
RESERVE FUND.....\$4,600,000
RESERVES FOR EQUALIZATION.....\$8,500,000
OF DIVIDENDS.....\$7,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PRO-FRIDERS.....\$7,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS.
Chairman—A. McIVER, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—M. GROTE, Esq.
J. BELL IRVING, Esq. H. HOPKINS, Esq.
C. D. BOTTOMLEY, Esq. E. H. M. HENNING,
W. H. F. DARBY, Esq. TON, Esq.
H. L. DALRYMPLE, H. A. P. MCLEWEN,
Esq. H. P. D. SASOON, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER.
Hongkong.—THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.
Acting Chief Manager—JOHN WALTER, Esq.
MANAGER.
Shanghai.—ERWIN CAMERON, Esq.
London BANKERS, London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.
INTEREST ALLOWED.
ON Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

On Fixed Deposits—
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 per cent. " "
" 12 " 5 per cent. " "

LOCAL BANKS DISCOUNTED.
Credit granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Deposits granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.
JOHN WALTER,
Acting Chief Manager.
Hongkong, June 11, 1886. 947

NOTICE.

RULES OF THE HONGKONG SAVINGS' BANK.

1.—The business of the above Bank will be conducted by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, on their premises in Hongkong. Business hours on week-days, 10 to 3; Saturdays, 10 to 1.

2.—Sums less than \$1, or more than \$250 at one time will not be received. No depositor may deposit more than \$2,500 in any one year.

3.—Depositors in the Savings' Bank having \$100 or more at their credit may at their option transfer the same to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation on fixed deposit for 12 months at 5 per cent. per annum interest.

4.—Interest at the rate of 3% per cent. per annum will be allowed to depositors on their daily balances.

5.—Each Depositor will be supplied gratis with a Pass-Book which must be presented with each payment or withdrawal. Depositors must not make any entries themselves in their Pass-Books, but should send them to be written up at least twice a year, about the beginning of January and beginning of July.

6.—Correspondence as to the business of the Bank if marked On Hongkong Savings' Bank Business is forwarded free by the various British Post Offices in Hongkong and China.

7.—Withdrawals may be made on demand, but the personal attendance of the depositor or his duly appointed agent, and the production of his Pass-Book are necessary.

For the
HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,
JOHN WALTER,
Acting Chief Manager.
Hongkong, June 7, 1886. 754

THE NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL.....\$2,000,000
PAID-UP.....\$600,000

REGISTERED OFFICE,
40, Threadneedle Street, LONDON.

BRANCHES.—
In India, China, Japan and the Colonies.

THE Bank receives Money on Deposit, buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, forwards Bills for Collection, and transacts Banking and Agency Business generally on terms to be had on application.

Interest allowed on Deposits—
Fixed for 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.

On Current Deposit Accounts 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

APPROVED CLAIMS on the Oriental Bank Corporation, in Liquidation, or the Balances of such Claims purchased on advantageous terms.

Agency of
THE NATIONAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
H. A. HERBERT,
Manager,
Hongkong Branch.
Hongkong, May 31, 1886. 1088

Intimations.

HONGKONG HOTEL ROTISSERIE.

In connection with the Hongkong Hotel the above is NOW OPEN from 7 a.m. to midnight.

REFRESHMENTS of every description SUPPLIED, either Hot or Cold. ICE CREAMS will be Ready from Noon every day.

LIST OF CHAMBERS will be found in the Rotisserie, next door to Mr. BREWER'S Book Store.

TERMS:—CASH ONLY.

By Order,

LOUIS HAUSCHILD,
Secretary,

HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LIMITED.

Hongkong, June 4, 1886. 1102

NOTICE.

ON and after 1st JULY NEXT the COST of STAMPS on all Drafts Issued by the Undersigned BANKS will have to be paid for by the Purchasers.

For the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China,
JOHN THURBURN,
Manager, Hongkong.

For the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China,
T. H. WHITEHEAD,
Manager, Hongkong.

For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation,
JOHN WALTER,
Acting Chief Manager.

For the Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris,
C. INCHBALD,
Agent.

For the New Oriental Bank Corporation, Limited,
H. A. HERBERT,
Manager, Hongkong.

Hongkong, June 9, 1886. 1136

FIFTH AND FINAL DRAWING.

THE CHINA SUGAR REFINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in conformity with the Conditions under which the Debentures of the above Company were issued, the following Numbers of Debentures to be Paid off in Hongkong on the 30th day of June instant, when the INTEREST thereon will cease to be payable, were on this 4th day of June instant DRAWN in the Office of Messieurs JARDINE, MATHESON & COMPANY, the General Agents of the Company, in the presence of the Undersigned Notary.

Messrs. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. undertake to deliver this acceptable present to friends in the United Kingdom, free of any charge whatever on the home side, at

Business Notices.



MESSRS. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. have the pleasure to inform the Community of Hongkong and neighbouring Ports that they have made arrangements in Foochow for a SUPPLY of their MIXTURE of the CHOICEST NEW TEAS.

THE CUMSHAW MIXTURE.

which in the course of many years, has acquired a deservedly high reputation, as evidenced by the large demand for use here, the appreciation shown by friends at home to whom it has been sent, and the numerous Orders received for it from old Hongkong Residents in the Colonies and elsewhere.

Messrs. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. undertake to deliver this acceptable present to friends in the United Kingdom, free of any charge whatever on the home side, at

THE CUMSHAW MIXTURE.

For 10-catty Box \$12.00
For 6-catty Box 7.50

Orders are solicited for this CHOICE TEA, which will be forwarded by First Steamer, after receipt of order.

This TEA can also be sent to America and the United States, at current rates, which can be obtained on application.

Hongkong, June 10, 1886. 1143

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

THE following Particulars of SALE of

CROWN LAND by PUBLIC AUCTION, to be held on the Spot on MONDAY, the 21st day of June, 1886, at 4 p.m. are published for general information.

By Command,

FREDERICK STEWART,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
Hongkong, 22nd May, 1886. 1110

Particulars of the Letting by Public Auction

Sale, to be held on MONDAY, the 21st day of June, 1886, at 4 p.m., by Order of His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government of 2 Lots of

Crown Land, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 999 years.

Particulars of the Lots.

No.	Boundary Sale No.	Boundary Locality No.	Boundary Measure- ment n. s. e. w. f.	Price
1	Hold. Lot.	Richmond	n. 16. e. 16. f. 16. n. 16. e. 16. f. 16.	\$ 100
2	No. 146	Road	n. 200. e. 200. l. 200. n. 200. e. 200. f. 200.	100,000
3	No. 947	Do.	n. 200. e. 200. l. 200. n. 200. e. 200. f. 200.	60,000

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instruc-

tions to Sell by Public Auction, on

THURSDAY,

the 24th June, 1886, at 2 p.m., at the

Residence of S. M. SCUDER, Esq., No.

49, Wyndham Street,—

THE WHOLE OF HIS

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

comprising:—

CRETONNE-COVERED DRAWING-ROOM

SUITS, BLACKWOOD MARBLE-TOP TABLES,

MIRRORS, PICTURES, CABINETS, EXERCISE

DRAWING-ROOM TABLE, SIDEBOARD, WHAT-

NOTS, CUTLERY, GLASS, CROCKERY AND

PLATED WARE, &c.

BLACK WALNUT SUITS, REVERSE MARBLE-

MADE BEDROOM SUITS, REVERSE MARBLE-

MADE BED

For Sale.

MacEWEN, FRICKEL & Co.
VICTORIA EXCHANGE,
QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

HAVE FOR SALE
THE FOLLOWING
STORES.

YORK HAMS.
ROLL BUTTER.
TOPSOON BUTTER.
FRENCH BUTTER.
ER'S COCOA.
VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA.
PICNIC TONGUES.
MACKEREL in 5lb Tins.
RAISINS and CURRANTS.
CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS.
SAVORY & MOOR'S New Infant FOOD.
BARNES & Co.'s JAMS.
POTTED MEATS.
PAPE DE FOIS GRAS.
SWISS MILK.

BORDEN'S
CONDENSED MILK.
COOKING STOVES.
KEROSINE LAMPS.

WINES, &c.

GIBSON'S Sparkling SAUMUR, Pts. & Qua.
SACOCHE'S MANZANILLA.
SACOCHE'S Old Invalid PORT.
Old Bourbon WHISKY.
BUCKE'S Old Irish WHISKY.
ROYAL GLENDALE WHISKY.
MARSALA.
&c., &c., &c.

THE USUAL ASSORTMENT
of
OILMAN'S STORES,
at the
Lowest Possible Prices
FOR CASH.

MacEWEN, FRICKEL & Co.
Hongkong, February 10, 1886. 280

FOR SALE.

JULES MUMM & Co.'s
CHAMPAGNE,
Quarts..... \$20 per Case of 1 doz.
Pints..... \$2. " " 2 "
Dubois Frères & de Germon & Co.'s
BORDEAUX CLARETS AND
WHITE WINES.

Baxter's Celebrated 'Barley Bree'
WHISKY.—\$7 per Case of 1 doz.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

Hongkong, July 18, 1884. 1187

Intimations.

GRIFFITH'S
NEW VIEWS OF HONGKONG
ARE
NOW READY,
1. DUDDELL STREET.

GRIFFITH & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS
OF THE
LONDON AERATED WATERS,
1, DUDDELL STREET,
Continue to Supply:

SODA WATER, LEMONADE,
TONIC " GINGERADE,
SODA " RASPBERRYADE,
SODAPARILLA " &c., &c.,
At the same Moderate Charges.

Hongkong, June 9, 1886. 657

THE HONGKONG AND KOWLOON
WHARF, GODOWN AND CARGO-
BOAT COMPANY.

THE Company will receive STEAMERS
and SAILING VESSELS alongside their
Wharves at Kowloon, and Land, Re-ship,
and/or Store GENERAL CARGOES, SILKS,
COTTON, COATIN, GRAIN or MERCHANTILE
in First-Class Granite Godowns at Cheap Rates.
Also COALS in specially constructed Sheds.

For the convenience of Commanders and
Officers the Company's launch Hongkong will
convey to and fro those interested FERRY or
CHARGE, starting from the Pedder's Wharf
EVERY HOUR from 6 a.m. to 5 p.m., and
from the Wharf at Kowloon at the half
hour.

For further Particulars, apply to
W. KERFOOT HUGHES,
Agent,
Pedder's Street.

Hongkong, February 17, 1886. 331

To-day's Advertisements.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION
COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SHANGHAI

(Taking Cargo and Passengers at through rates
for CHEFOO, TIENSIN, NEW-
OHWANG, HANKOW and Ports on
the YANGTZE.)

The Co.'s Steamship
FOOTANG,
Captain Hoo, will be
despatched as above on
MONDAY, the 21st Instant, at 4 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHERSON & Co.,
General Managers,
Hongkong, June 18, 1886. 1188

To-day's Advertisements.

To-day's Advertisements.

THEATRE ROYAL,

CITY HALL, HONGKONG.

THIS EVENING,
FRIDAY, the 18th June.

THIRD GRAND
EMENYI CONCERT.

THE WORLD FAMED AND ONLY.

Edward Remenyi,
The KING of VIOLINISTS;
SIGNORINA LOUISA MARCHETTI,
"PRIMA DONNA";

And
MISS ISIDORE LUCKSTONE,
(SOLO PIANIST).

FOR TO-NIGHT'S CONCERT,
Edward Remenyi

will perform Violin Solos—

Andante and Finale of Mendelssohn,
the Concerto in "Saul".

HANDEL Hungarian Pastoral and

Martial Dance.

AND

Hommage à Paganini..... REMENYI

TO-MORROW (SATURDAY),
FOURTH GRAND
EMENYI CONCERT
ON WHICH OCCASION

Edward Remenyi

will perform the following Violin Solos—

THE FAMOUS.

Concerto—Romantique et BENJAMIN Dramatique.

Hungarian Dance..... REMENYI

Composed by Remenyi at the age of 16—

and erroneously supposed to be

the composition of Brahms.

Scotch Nation! Anna Laurie.

Melodies | Charlie is my Darling.

By Special Request

'Home Sweet Home.'

And in response to a generally expressed desire his famous introduction and improvisation on the

'Carnival of Venice.'

Plan of Theatre now open at Messrs KELLY & WALSH's, Limited, where Seats may be secured.

Manager..... FRANK WESTON.

Axton Courier..... J. J. FOSTER.

Hongkong, June 18, 1886. 1188

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR

SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

(Taking Cargo at through rates to CALCUTTA, MADRAS, PERSIAN GULF, BLACK SEA, LEVANT and ADRIATIC PORTS.)

The Co.'s Steamship Medusa, Capt. E. PERIN, will be despatched as above on

FRIDAY, the 2d July, at Noon.

For further Particulars, regarding Freight and Passage, apply to the AGENCY of the Company, Praya Central.

O. BACHRACH, Agent.

Hongkong, June 18, 1886. 1184

A CLERK for one of the Coast Ports, A Knowledge of GERMAN and ENGLISH is Required.

Address with References,

H. BOUSS, Carre de THIS PAPER.

Hongkong, June 18, 1886. 1187

Not Responsible for Debts.

Neither the Captain, the Agents, nor

Owners will be Responsible for

any Debt contracted by the Officers or

Crew of the following Vessels, during

their stay in Hongkong Harbour:—

ABBE CARVER, American barque, Capt. B. C. Pendleton.—Order.

ALFRED WATTS, American ship, Capt. H. A. Hyler.—Douglas Lapraik & Co.

ALICE BOWIE, Hawaian brig, Captain J. Phillips—Captain.

ALMA, German barque, Capt. R. Alberts—Melchers & Co.

BASH J. H. BOWERS, Amer. barque, Capt. John A. Plum.—Chinese.

BONITA, Norwegian barque, Captain C. H. Houkson.—Tong Sang Wo.

CHARLES DENNIS, American ship, Capt. L. Allons.—Order.

CATALINA, British brig, Captain A. R. Pitkington.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

E. J. SPENCE, British barque, Captain J. H. Gil.—Order.

FRED. P. LITCHFIELD, American barque, Capt. Samuel Birdlett.—Order.

G. O. TOHEY, American barque, Captain R. G. Delano.—Ed. Schellbach & Co.

GLOAMING, British ship, Capt. R. F. Denham.—Melchers & Co.

HALLOWEEN, British ship, Captain R. F. Douton.—Russell & Co.

HENRY S. SANFORD, American ship, Capt. G. W. Pendleton.—Adamson, Bell & Co.

J. D. PEETERS, American ship, Capt. G. A. Laege—Messageries Maritimes.

JOHN M. BLAKEY, British ship, Capt. D. F. Faulkner.—Melchers & Co.

LEONORA, Austro-Hungarian ship, Capt. G. Morenas.—Melchers & Co.

LOANDA, British ship, Capt. A. J. Scott.—Butterfield & Swire.

OASIS, American ship, Captain Dillon.—Melchers & Co.

WANDERING MINSTER, British barquentine, Capt. Hudson.—Arnold, Karberg & Co.

Per *Yankee*, for Shanghai, Mr. G. E. Mongomery.

Per *Atholl*, from Singapore, 39 Chinese.

Per *Saltier*, for Saigon, Messrs Ch. Laurent, Delmas and infant, Billoux, and Hugy, and 17 Chinese.

Per *Ice King*, Bartlett master, from the Philippines, Islands, for Saigon.

Per *Dubu*, for Swatow, Mr. Alwin.

Per *China*, for Hongkong, Mr. Teck Ching, and 16 Chinese.

Per *Yankee*, for Shanghai, Mr. G. E. Mongomery.

Per *Mesara*, from Manila, Mr. and Mrs. Sloan and child, Capt. Wright, Messrs Williamson and Denton, 6 Europeans, and 16 Chinese.

Per *Yankee*, for Saigon, 1 European.

Per *Yankee*, for Singapore, 318 Chinese.

Per *Yankee*, for Shanghai, 50 Chinese.

Per *Yankee*, for Hongkong, 16 Chinese.

Per *Yankee*, for Shanghai, 1 European.

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BRITISH POLITICS.

More firing have been sold in London, derly in the past three months than were sold during the previous five years. Orders have just been given there for a thousand new rifles.

The Government has forwarded 2,000,000 rounds of ball ammunition to Dublin.

Dublin., May 14.—One firm of manufacturers in Ulster has already concluded arrangements for the transfer of its mills to Germany. It is stated that other Ulster firms are considering the advisability of removing also.

New York., May 16.—James O. Kelly cables to the *Herald* from London as follows:

"With Chamberlain's success is a question of life and death. Nothing but a great victory at the polls can save him from political annihilation. Numbers of our Radical friends loathe him, and 'traitor' is the popular epithet addressed to him in confidential conversation. Let us fight a Radical member to the last, a step which throws a lurid light on Chamberlain's character. It would be a good idea to do so."

London., May 18.—*Labouchere* a Radical member told me a story which throws a lurid light on Chamberlain's character. It would be a good idea to do so."

Lord Hartington, speaking at Bradford, said that in the country the majority of Liberals did not approve of Gladstone's Irish scheme, and he declared that the Government must stand or fall in accordance with the vote on its plan for home rule in Ireland.

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London., May 16.—The Liberal Association leaders in the provinces have sent a letter to Gladstone pleading with him not to resign but to appeal to the country, with a certainty of securing a majority.

London., May 16.—A great meeting of the opponents of home rule was held in St. James' Hall to-night. E. Ashmead Bartlett presiding. The side galleries were crowded with ladies. The Chairman announced that a new scheme of organization had been ratified to-day, making the Conservative party more a party of the people than it had hitherto been.

A. B. Forwood, member of Parliament for Lancashire, S.W., introduced a series of resolutions to the effect that the meeting represented the Conservative associations of the kingdom, and that it had confidence in the ability of Lord Salisbury to maintain Great Britain and Ireland as one united kingdom, and to guard safely the union and greatness of the empire. The resolutions were carried amid cheering.

Lord Salisbury said that his policy on the burning question of the day was the traditional policy of the Tory party to maintain the status quo. This was the unbroken tradition of the party. He denounced the intention that the Conservatives concealed their policy. There was fair ground for hoping that to-day we may the proposals of the Government would be a matter of history, but the question would survive.

The loyal party had a fight before it. It would take a long time to root out the poisonous weed, because its seed had been sown with an unspiring hand. In regard to the guarantees alleged to have been made by the Irish members that they would accept this bill with an amendment providing for Irish representation at Westminster, the speaker said that the very attitude of the Parlementaries showed that they did not desire to come to the English Parliament. That would in involve criticism of their Protestant countrymen, and that was what they did not desire. After criticising Gladstone's action toward Ireland since the passage of the Irish bill, Lord Salisbury said that he did not wish his audience to infer that Gladstone was not an honest man, but he said the Premier could not be trusted.

The speaker contended that Ireland was not a nation, because it contained two different and deeply divided races. It depends, he said, on the habits of the people whether self-government should be conferred upon them. The habits of the Irish were very bad. They had become habituated to the use of knives and slugs. The question of religion divided them. The peculiar influence of the Catholic clergy, and the manner in which that influence had been used, must be considered before placing such a weapon as home rule in the hands of the Irish. There would be no necessity for coercion, if the Irish abandoned their habits of mutilation, murder and robbery, and of preventing men who were attached to England from earning a living. England wanted a firm, consistent policy and a firm government. That was the policy of the Tory party. Lord Salisbury recommended that a portion of the money with which it was intended to buy out the Irish landlords be spent in helping the Irish to emigrate. This he said, would be the best remedy for Ireland. He urged unity of action, and said that the time for using both was close at hand. It remained with the Conservatives to say what would be the result of the present discussion.

New York., May 17.—The *Herald*'s London cable special says: Edmund Gadsden, whose political predictions have lately been making headlines, says this morning's *World*, "I am anxious to announce that the highest authority that the defeat of the Government is to be followed by the immediate dissolution of Parliament. Gladstone discussed the whole situation with the Queen at an audience which Her Majesty gave him at Buckingham Palace, and he received her sanction for the dissolution, which I am informed he declared to be the only reasonable and practical issue of the existing complications and the only one that can be expected to lead to at least a temporary settlement for all parties. I understand that the Queen was ultimately convinced by Gladstone's eloquent and ingenious argument that the course which he proposes to adopt is the best under the circumstances and a complete understanding about the impending crisis now exists between her Majesty and the Prime Minister. He is going to the country with quite as light heart as in 1874."

London., May 17.—John H. A. McDonald, member from Edinburgh and St. Andrew's Universities, presented a petition against granting home rule to Ireland. The petition was signed by 106,894 Scotchmen. It was one and one-quarter miles long and weighed 274 pounds, and was borne into the House on the shoulders of stalwart attendants.

The British Orangemen are called upon to hold a mass meeting in London under the auspices of the Premier's Club for the purpose of inaugurating a league for the protection of the 'unity of the Empire.' One of the purposes of the league will be, it is declared, to secure the enrollment of men accustomed to service. The Standard contains an advertisement for an Adjutant of the league.

Armagh., May 17.—The Orangemen of Lurgan, County Armagh, are enrolling themselves in military associations organized for the purpose of resisting a home-rule government. It is stated that in the event of an Ulster rebellion a royalist expedition will be ready to march on Dublin, leaving strong garrisons in Ulster and an army of observation on the Shannon.

New York., May 19.—Thomas Powe O'Connor, M.P., cables to the Star from London as follows: Gladstone feels certain that an appeal to the country, if it has to be made, will result in his returning to Parliament at the head of a good working

majority. He expresses the utmost confidence in the ultimate triumph of home rule. The Whig managers in the House of Commons frankly confess that they have no chance of their motion being carried to a vote in the anti-Gladstonians. The name is admitted by Chamberlain's friends of Sixty-five papers published in the Liberal interest, formerly firm supporters of Gladstone, but more recently pledged to hostility to the Home Rule bill, have turned their backs on their errors and found excuses more or less ingenious for returning to Gladstone's support. In most cases Gladstone's speech is the reason assigned for coming back to their allegiance. A large number of provincial Liberal dailies will follow the same course.

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London., May 16.—A great meeting of the opponents of home rule was held in St. James' Hall to-night. E. Ashmead Bartlett presiding. The side galleries were crowded with ladies. The Chairman announced that a new scheme of organization had been ratified to-day, making the Conservative party more a party of the people than it had hitherto been.

A. B. Forwood, member of Parliament for Lancashire, S.W., introduced a series of resolutions to the effect that the meeting represented the Conservative associations of the kingdom, and that it had confidence in the ability of Lord Salisbury to maintain Great Britain and Ireland as one united kingdom, and to guard safely the union and greatness of the empire. The resolutions were carried amid cheering.

Lord Salisbury said that his policy on the burning question of the day was the traditional policy of the Tory party to maintain the status quo. This was the unbroken tradition of the party. He denounced the intention that the Conservatives concealed their policy. There was fair ground for hoping that to-day we may the proposals of the Government would be a matter of history, but the question would survive.

The loyal party had a fight before it. It would take a long time to root out the poisonous weed, because its seed had been sown with an unspiring hand. In regard to the guarantees alleged to have been made by the Irish members that they would accept this bill with an amendment providing for Irish representation at Westminster, the speaker said that the very attitude of the Parlementaries showed that they did not desire to come to the English Parliament. That would in involve criticism of their Protestant countrymen, and that was what they did not desire. After criticising Gladstone's action toward Ireland since the passage of the Irish bill, Lord Salisbury said that he did not wish his audience to infer that Gladstone was not an honest man, but he said the Premier could not be trusted.

The speaker contended that Ireland was not a nation, because it contained two different and deeply divided races. It depends, he said, on the habits of the people whether self-government should be conferred upon them. The habits of the Irish were very bad. They had become habituated to the use of knives and slugs. The question of religion divided them. The peculiar influence of the Catholic clergy, and the manner in which that influence had been used, must be considered before placing such a weapon as home rule in the hands of the Irish. There would be no necessity for coercion, if the Irish abandoned their habits of mutilation, murder and robbery, and of preventing men who were attached to England from earning a living.

People remark with surprise that Gladstone has invited his ex-colleagues to dine with him on Saturday. Chamberlain, Sir Henry James and Trevelyan have accepted, and with an amendment providing for Irish representation at Westminster, the speaker said that the very attitude of the Parlementaries showed that they did not desire to come to the English Parliament. That would in involve criticism of their Protestant countrymen, and that was what they did not desire. After criticising Gladstone's action toward Ireland since the passage of the Irish bill, Lord Salisbury said that he did not wish his audience to infer that Gladstone was not an honest man, but he said the Premier could not be trusted.

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